FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' Report	2
Auditor's Independence Declaration	6
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	7
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	8
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	9
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	10
Notes to the Financial Statements	11
Declaration Required by Charitable Fundraising Regulations 2008	26
Directors' Declaration	27
Independent Audit Report to the Members	28

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors present this report on the company, and its controlled entity World Education Australia Overseas Relief Fund (WEAORF), for the financial year ended 30 June 2014.

Below are listed the names of the company's directors in office throughout the financial year until the date of this report (unless otherwise stated), their specific roles, qualifications, and experience:

Neild McIntosh, Chair

B.A. (Actuarial Studies), M.A. (International Development)

Neild contributes as a non-executive director of Equigroup (a subsidiary of CBA), and also for Can Assist, a charity helping cancer patients in NSW.

Margaret Wright, Treasurer

B.Com. FCA

Margaret is a strategic advisor who brings her executive background in accounting, audit and IT roles at KPMG and Macquarie Bank to consult on a variety of technology and business process issues.

Pamela Jonas

B.A. (Hons), M.A. (Public Policy & Management)

Pam worked for more than two decades in education, training, and employment policy. She applied this expertise as an education and community consultant, and now splits her time between Australia and France.

Gordon Cairns

M.A. (Hons)

Gordon ended his executive career with several global companies as CEO of Lion Nathan Ltd. He now chairs Origin Energy and its Foundation, is a non-executive director of Quick Service Restaurants, and a senior advisor to McKinsey.

Kathryn Jordan

B.Com, LL.B, LL.M.

Kate is a Corporate and Mergers & Acquisitions lawyer. She is the Deputy Chief Executive Partner of Clayton Utz.

David Kahler

B.Sc., M.A., M.Ed, Ed.D.

David is an organisational development and education specialist with over 40 years of international practice. From his base in Normandy, he has maintained oversight of World Education Inc's European programs.

WORLD EDUCATION AUSTRALIA LIMITED

ABN 39 106 279 225

DIRECTORS' REPORT

William Pigott

B.S., M.B., formerly FRACP

Bill is a former education and public health practitioner, working with WHO for 21 years, latterly in Nepal and Cambodia. He is now involved in community support with Landcare in NSW.

Guy Winship, CEO

B.Soc.Sc. B.Com (Hons), M.Sc. (Town & Regional Planning)

Guy is a development expert who has worked in Africa, Asia and the Pacific. He consults and advises governments and NGOs on microfinance, institutional development, public policy and vocational training.

Damien Woods

B.Sc., MBA

Damien has worked for more than 25 years as a management consultant, mostly with Accenture, specialising in the healthcare field. He is a director of Accenture Australia Foundation, Smile Dental, and Australian Agricultural Technologies.

D James MacNeil, Alternate

B.A., M.Ed., Ed. D.

James has worked for World Education Inc. (WEI) on education and livelihoods development programs in Indonesia, Cambodia, Nepal and India. He is based in Boston where he is Vice President of WEI's Asia Division.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The consolidated surplus for the year was \$111,109. This comprises a surplus of \$583 from World Education Australia Limited (WEAL) and a surplus of \$110,526 from the controlled entity World Education Australia Overseas Relief Fund (WEAORF).

The company is limited by guarantee, with the liability of each member in respect of liabilities of the company, as specified in the Constitution, being restricted to \$10. During the year, membership of the company increased from 259 to 264.

The company is a Public Benevolent Institution approved by the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) and enjoys tax exempt status. The company is a Deductible Gift Recipient (DGR) entity approved by the ATO for programs in Australia. The NSW Office of Charities has authorised the company to fundraise under the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991. Authorisation (or reciprocal exemption) has also been obtained to raise funds in all other states and Territories. The company has received exemption from the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) with regard to the primary requirements of an Australian Financial Services Licence. The company (along with the Good Return trading name) is registered and complies with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission (ACNC) requirements. The company is a reporting entity to the Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre (AUSTRAC). The company was fully accredited by the Department of Foreign Affairs & Trade (DFAT, formerly the Australian Agency for International Development) in June 2012 for a five year period.

The purpose of the controlled entity WEAORF is exclusively to provide relief to persons in a developing country certified as such by the DFAT, and to raise funds for this by way of tax deductible donations. WEAORF, a Deductible Gift Recipient entity, approved as such by the ATO, continues to raise donations from the public. Funds held by WEAORF continue to be applied to the company's projects that are compatible with the purpose of WEAORF.

Key Objectives

The vision of the company and its controlled entity is a world without poverty, where people have access to resources and opportunities to improve their own lives. The mission of the company is through microfinance and skills development it enables the poor to improve their incomes and change their lives forever. This mission describes both the long term and short term objectives of the organisation.

Strategy for achieving these objectives

The company contributes to its poverty reduction objectives by working with its partners in both the Australian community and overseas to provide training, interest-free loan capital, best practice technical assistance and project management services in a number of Asian and Pacific countries as well as in Australia. Programs are designed to strengthen the capacity of local partners, catalyse community and national development, and contribute to individual growth.

In pursuit of the company's poverty reduction mission, a major internet-based program entitled Good Return was implemented during the 2010 financial year. Good Return facilitates small loans and loan guarantees from the Australian public to partner financial institutions targeting low income communities overseas. 0% interest is charged to the partner financial institution. This micro-credit program integrates with the development and training operations of the company. Good Return is providing an increasingly significant component of the company's activities and resources, and this is likely to continue into the future.

There was no significant change to the activities of the consolidated group during the year. It continued to also design, manage and implement international development programs and provide technical assistance to the Australian Government, Asian Development Bank (ADB), and United Nations (UN) agencies during the financial year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Future plans

The company will continue to provide resources aimed at reducing poverty, through the provision of low cost loan capital and loan guarantees, training, technical assistance and project management services targeted at low income communities in the Asia Pacific region as well as in Australia. These development and poverty-reduction operations are planned to continue during the year and years ahead.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may affect the operations of the consolidated group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the consolidated group in future financial years.

The consolidated group's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of the State of NSW.

Director attendance at board meetings	
Neild McIntosh	4(4)
Margaret Wright	4(4)
Pamela Jonas	3(4)
Gordon Cairns	3(4)
Kathryn Jordan	4(4)
David Kahler (D James MacNeil, alternate)	4(4)
William Pigott	2(4)
Guy Winship	3(4)
Damien Woods	3(4)

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The auditor's independence declaration is on page 6.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors:

Director

Neild McIntosh (Chairman)

Director

Margaret Wright (Treesurer)

4 November 2014



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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

I declare, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that during the year ended 30 June 2014, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Foster Raffan

Chartered Accountants

Partner: G D Wood, FCA

North Sydney

4 November 2014





CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	Note	Consolidated Group 2014 \$	Consolidated Group 2013 \$
REVENUE			
Donations & gifts - monetary & non-monetary	2a	691,509	571,681
Legacies & bequests			-
Grants	2b	1,237,362	1,125,623
Interest Other income	2c	26,805 353,053	31,832 485,618
Other moorne	20	333,033	465,010
TOTAL REVENUE		2,308,729	2,214,754
EXPENSES			
Overseas projects Funds to overseas projects	3a	896,438	760,011
Other project costs	3a 3b	655,708	580,795
Domestic projects	3c	225,028	276,334
Community education	3d	34,541	34,322
Fundraising costs			
Public	3e	148,627	164,441
Government, multilateral and private Administration	3f 2~	29,453	26,985 164,130
Administration	3g	207,825	164,129
TOTAL EXPENSES		2,197,620	2,007,017
Excess of revenue over expenses		111,109	207,737
Income tax expense	1c		
Surplus for the year	4	111,109	207,737
Other Comprehensive Income			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		111,109	207,737

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2014

	Note	Consolidated Group 2014 \$	Consolidated Group 2013 \$
ASSETS		·	,
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,320,361	1,294,561
Loans	8	229,154	273,708
Trade and other receivables	7	11,710	3,172
Other current assets	9	63,384	66,637
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,624,609	1,638,078
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	10	29,912	40,593
Intangible assets	11	8,880	23,556
Capital work in progress	11	51,831	-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		90,623	64,149
TOTAL ASSETS		1,715,232	1,702,227
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Special purpose funding Loans Provisions	12 6 14 13	124,580 409,895 476,511 66,697	158,596 470,904 465,237 35,747
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,077,683	1,130,484
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Provisions	13	11,107	56,410_
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		11,107	56,410
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,088,790	1,186,894
NET ASSETS		626,442	515,333
EQUITY Contributed equity Reserve for designated purpose Retained earnings TOTAL EQUITY	16 17 24	624,881 1,561 626,442	514,355 978 515,333

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

Consolidated Group	Note	Retained Earnings \$	Reserve For Designated Purposes \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2012		701	306,895	307,596
Excess of revenue over expenses		207,737	-	207,737
Transfer (to)/ from reserve	17	(207,460)	207,460	
Balance at 30 June 2013		978	514,355	515,333
Excess of revenue over expenses		111,109	-	111,109
Transfer (to)/ from reserve	17	(110,526)	110,526	
Balance at 30 June 2014		1,561	624,881	626,442

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	Note	Consolidated Group 2014 \$	Consolidated Group 2013 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Donations and grants Customers Suppliers and employees Interest		1,620,099 352,219 (1,970,562) 26,805	1,179,743 549,441 (1,737,935) 31,832
Net cash provided by operating activities	18	28,561	23,081
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Property, plant and equipment Capital WIP, Good Return software and web-site Security deposit	10 11 9	(57,751) 	(35,120) (21,170) (18,176)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(57,751)	(74,466)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Good Return - net loans movement with public Good Return - net loans movement with microfinance	14	11,274	160,932
institutions Repayment of WEI loan	8 12	44,554 (838)	(135,594) 1,578
Net cash provided by financing activities		54,990	26,916
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held Cash at beginning of financial year		25,800 1,294,561	(24,469) 1,319,030
Cash at end of financial year	6	1,320,361	1,294,561

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, and other authoritative pronouncements of the Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

The financial report covers the consolidated group of World Education Australia Limited and its controlled entity. World Education Australia Limited is an unlisted public company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs and does not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, current valuations of non-current assets.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company and consolidated group in the preparation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Principles of Consolidation

A controlled entity is any entity in respect of which World Education Australia Limited has the power to control the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The only controlled entity is World Education Australia Overseas Relief Fund (WEAORF), a trust. It has a June financial year end. World Education Australia Limited is the trustee of WEAORF. There is no minority equity interest in WEAORF.

All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated group, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of the controlled entity have been changed where necessary to ensure consistencies with those policies applied by the parent entity.

(b) Revenue recognition

Monetary donations are recognised as revenue when the money is received. Donations and grants with reciprocal requirements are treated as unearned until expensed in terms of those requirements.

Non-monetary donations are recognised as revenue when the donated goods or services are received. The donated goods or services are accounted for at their market value. The market value of services donated by volunteers is based on relevant DFAT(AusAID) tables.

Revenue from the rendering of services (project fees) is recognised upon completion which, depending on the terms of the contract, can be in measured stages or only when the whole project is completed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

(c) Income tax

The Australian Taxation Office has endorsed the company, a charitable organisation, as being exempt from income tax.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of one year or less.

(e) Receivables and work in progress

All trade debtors are recognised when the obligation of the debtor to pay the amount arises.

Work in progress is valued at cost less any provision for anticipated future losses. Cost comprises variable costs, including salaries and donated services, relating to specific contracts.

(f) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation and Amortisation

The carrying amounts of plant and equipment are reviewed annually and, if appropriate, written down to their estimated recoverable amounts.

Depreciation of plant and equipment is calculated on the prime cost basis over its useful life to the company. The rates used range from 10% to 40%. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements on a prime cost basis.

(g) Intangible Assets

The Good Return web-site and the software required to run it are classified as intangible assets. Intangible assets are carried at the cost of development less, where applicable, accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Costs of development are capitalised only in respect of identifiable new modules that are expected to deliver future economic benefits that can be measured reliably. Costs include materials and services provided by third parties. Salaries and related costs of employees involved in the development are expensed as incurred. Expenditure during the research phase of the development to maintain and update developed modules is expensed as incurred. Development costs are amortised on a straight line basis over the period that they are expected to deliver future economic benefits from when they are ready for use.

(h) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership, are transferred to the company, are classified as finance leases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when an entity has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

(j) Good and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

(k) Comparative figures

Comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year where required by accounting standards or as a result of changes in accounting policy or presentation.

(I) Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency balances are translated at the year end exchange rate. Exchange differences arising on the translation are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income to the extent they will be borne by the consolidated group.

(m) Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial Liabilities

Loans and payables are non-derivative financial liabilities and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Also, any cumulative decline in cost previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss at this point.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability, which is extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(n) Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Where the future economic benefits of the asset are not primarily dependent upon the asset's ability to generate net cash inflows and when the entity would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits, value in use is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of an asset.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an assets class, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the class of assets belong.

Where an impairment loss on a revalued asset is identified, this is recognised against the revaluation surplus in respect of the same class of asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that class of asset.

(o) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the company.

Impairment

The recoverability of trade receivables and loans to microfinance institutions was reviewed by the directors and provisions for impairment made where they considered it necessary.

(p) Economic Dependence

The company is dependent on the philanthropy of businesses and individuals in the community to provide donations and grants for its causes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

			Consolidated Group	Consolidated Group
			2014	2013
			\$	\$
		REVENUE		
2.	а	Donation and gifts		
		Monetary donations	443,746	400,853
		Non-monetary donations	247,763	170,828
			691,509	571,681
		Monetary donations include \$240,403 (2013: \$213,847) received thro	ough the Good	Return Program
	b	Grants		
		DFAT(AusAID)	554,689	377,726
		Other Australian	581,023	612,238
		Other Overseas	101,650	135,659
			1,237,362	1,125 <u>,</u> 623
	С	Other income Project fees:		
		Good Return fees	27,063	24,776
		World Education Inc project fees	258,419	305,952
		Foreign exchange (loss)/gain	(12,871)	11,704
		Other income	80,442	143,186
			353,053	485,618

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

3

Consolidated

Consolidated

		Group	Group
		2014	2013
		\$	\$
	EXPENSES	Ψ	Ψ
а	Funds to overseas projects		
	Project staff costs - overseas	301,664	237,071
	Other costs	449,241	479,565
	Volunteers	145,533	43,375
		896,438	760,011
b	Other project costs		
	Project staff costs - in Australia	482,360	395,161
	Other costs	106,502	92,552
	Volunteers	66,846_	93,082
		655,708_	580,795
С	Domestic projects		
	Staff costs	27,178	33,480
	Other costs Volunteers	197,850	242,854
	Volunteers	225,028	276,334
d	Community education	05.075	07.405
	Staff costs	25,075	27,125
	Other costs	2,965	3,871
	Volunteers	6,501 34,541	3,326 34,322
			07,022
е	Fundraising costs - public		
	Staff costs	103,208	80,210
	Other costs	16,537	53,186
	Volunteers	28,882	31,045
		148,627	164,441
f	Fundraising costs - government, multilateral and private		
	Staff costs	26,563	25,030
	Other costs	2,890	1,955
	Volunteers		
		29,453	26,985
g	Administration		
	Staff costs	84,062	56,065
	Other costs	123,763	108,064
	Volunteers		- 404 400
		207,825	164,129

		Consolidated Group	Consolidated Group
		2014 \$	2013 \$
	SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		
_	Surplus for the year has been determined after:		
а	Income Net foreign exchange (loss) /gain	(12,871)	11,704
b	Expenses		
	Depreciation and amortisation Operating lease payments	31,277 65,259	45,715 -
	Remuneration of auditor:	·	
	- audit	16,750	16,750
	KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION		
	Short term benefits	177,209	168,000
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash on hand	700	400
	Cash at bank - for the Good Return program	435,792	391,591
	- for other designated purposes	409,895	470,904
	- other	473,974	431,666
		1,320,361_	<u>1,294,561</u>

5.

6.

Table of cash movements for designated purposes:

Designated purposes	Cash available at beginning of year	Cash raised during the year	Interest	Cash disbursed during the year	Cash available at the end of the year
DFAT ANCP annual allocation Skills For Life ConnectEd Education & Microfinance Expansion Small farmers livelihoods Other	190,298 11,316 212,188 57,102	554,689 380,154 233,264 200,000 45,239 185,212 1,598,558		(554,689) (329,374) (244,580) (307,647) (102,341) (120,936) (1,659,567)	241,078 - 104,541 - 64,276 409,895
Good Return Total for designated purposes Other cash movement	391,591 862,495 432,066 1,294,561	682,900 2,281,458 56,985 2,338,443	26,805 26,805	(638,699) (2,298,266) (41,182) (2,339,448)	435,792 845,687 474,674 1,320,361

Good Return: amounts indicated under cash raised include loans and donations from public lenders and cash disbursed include donations to Good Return and loans to partner microfinance institutions.

	Consolidated Group	Consolidated Group
	201 <i>4</i> \$	2013 \$
TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Trade debtors	11,710	3,172

Credit Risk - Trade Receivables

7.

The company's credit terms are 30 days. Overdue debts are pursued and monitored by management. They are assessed for impairment and provided for where specific circumstances indicate that the debt may not be paid in full to the company.

The company does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables.

The following table details the company's trade receivables exposed to credit risk (prior to collateral and other credit enhancements) with ageing analysis and impairment provided thereon.

The balances of receivables that are both overdue and not due are considered to be of high credit quality.

		Total	Overdue and impaired	Overdue and not impaired	Not due, not impaired
	2014				
	<30 days	11,286	-	-	11,286
	31-60 days	0	-	-	
	>90 days	424	-	424	-
		11,710		424	11,286
	2013				
	<30 days	2,455	-	_	2,455
	31-60 days	0	-	-	_,
	61-90 days	7 17	_	717	_
	·	3,172		717	2,455
				Consolidated Group 2014 \$	Consolidated Group 2013
8.	LOANS			Group 2014	Group 2013
8.	Current	vith microfinance institution	าร	Group 2014 \$	Group 2013 \$
	Current Good Return loans portfolio w		าร	Group 2014	Group 2013
	Current Good Return loans portfolio w OTHER CURRENT ASS		าร	Group 2014 \$ 229,154	2013 \$ 273,708
	Current Good Return loans portfolio w OTHER CURRENT ASS Security deposits		าร	2014 \$ 229,154 28,558	2013 \$ 273,708
	Current Good Return loans portfolio w OTHER CURRENT ASS Security deposits Prepayments		าร	2014 \$ 229,154 28,558 15,923	2013 \$ 273,708 28,558 18,025
	Current Good Return loans portfolio w OTHER CURRENT ASS Security deposits Prepayments GST receivable		าร	2014 \$ 229,154 28,558 15,923 8,764	2013 \$ 273,708 28,558 18,025 2,211
8 .	Current Good Return loans portfolio w OTHER CURRENT ASS Security deposits Prepayments		าร	2014 \$ 229,154 28,558 15,923	2013 \$ 273,708 28,558 18,025

The security deposits are term deposits that are security for the guarantee provided by the bank in respect of the premises occupied by the company.

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Leasehold improvements		
At cost	33,661	33,661
Less accumulated depreciation	(11,220)	(2,805)
	22,441	30,856
Movements in carrying amounts		
Balance at 1 July 2013	30,856	-
Additions	-	33,661
Depreciation	(8,415)	(2,805)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2014	22,441	30.856

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	Consolidated Group	Consolidated Group
	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Plant and equipment		
At cost	38,422	50,890
Less accumulated depreciation	(30,951)	(41,153)
	7,471	9,737
Movements in carrying amounts		
Balance at 1 July 2013	9,737	11,816
Additions	9,131	1,459
Disposals	_	1,409
Depreciation	(2,266)	(3,538)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2014	7,471	9,737
, ,		<u> </u>
Total property, plant and equipment	29,912	40,593
INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
Good Return software and web-site		
At cost	229,210	223,290
Less accumulated amortisation	(220,330)	(199,734)
	8,880	23,556

Movements in carrying amounts		
Balance at 1 July 2013	23,556	41,758
Additions	5,920	21,170
Amortisation	(20,596)	(39,372)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2014	8,880	23,556
Capital work in progress		
CRM software and website - instalment at cost	51,831	-
		7/46

The company has invested in customer relationship management software and a new website to be integrated with the existing Good Return platform. The company has committed to spend a further \$58,000 on this project.

12. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

11.

13.

1 AND OTHER LATABLES		
Current		
Payroll liabilities	11,063	8,278
Trade and other creditors	78,937	93,129
Accrued expenses	34,580	56,351
Amount due to World Education Inc.		838
	124,580	158,596
Provisions		
Current		
Annual leave provision	34,911	35,747
Long service leave provision	31,786	~
	66,697	35,747

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	Consolidated Group 2014 \$	Consolidated Group 2013 \$
Non-Current		
Long service leave provision	11,107	<u>56,410</u>
Provision for employee benefits		
Balance at the beginning of the year	92,157	87,348
Additional provision raised during the year	65,559	56,798
Amounts used	(79,912)	(51,989)
Balance at the end of the year	77,804	92,157
LOANS Current	_	
Good Return loans from the public	476,511	465,237

The Company has no financial liability in respect of Good Return loans from the public in the event of repayment default by partner microfinance institutions.

15. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not recognised in the financial statements Payable - minimum lease payments

No later than 12 months	66,959	64,200
Later than 12 months but not later than 5 years	115,370	177,036
	182,329	241,236

The company has non cancellable operating lease agreements for equipment and for its office at Crows Nest. Renewal terms for the office lease are included within the agreements.

16. CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

14.

There is no contributed equity. The members registered undertake to contribute to the property of the company, if required, in the event that it is wound up. The liability of each member is limited to \$10. There were 264 members at 30 June 2014 (2013: 259).

17. RESERVE FOR DESIGNATED PURPOSES

The excess of revenue over expenses from operations of the controlled entity, World Education Australia Overseas Relief Fund, is transferred to a Reserve for Designated Purposes to recognise that the net assets represented by this reserve cannot be used for any purpose other than providing relief to persons in a developing country certified as such by the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade or, on winding up, must be transferred to some other fund qualifying under the Overseas Gift Fund Provisions of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

WORLD EDUCATION AUSTRALIA LIMITED

ABN 39 106 279 225 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

CASH FLOW INFORMATION Reconciliation of cash flow from operations	Consolidated Group 2014 \$	Consolidated Group 2013 \$
Surplus	111,109	207,737
Non-cash flows in surplus:		
Depreciation and amortisation	31,277	45,715
_eave provisions	(14,353)	4,811
Changes in Assets & Liabilities:		
Receivables	(7,387)	65,128
Other current assets	2,102	(10,219)
Payables and accruals	(94,187)	(290,091)
Cash flows provided from operations	28,561	23,081

19. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

18.

Transactions with the related party, World Education Inc (WEI), Boston, USA:

Repayment of loans to WEI

Fees paid to WEI for the services of

WEI staff on company projects

- 82.119

The managing director's remuneration is included in the disclosure relating to key employees (Note 5). No other directors receive any remuneration from the company. The directors make donations to the company on a personal basis.

20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's financial instruments consist of deposits with banks, loans to microfinance institutions and accounts receivable and payable.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139, are as follows:

Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,320,361	1,294,561
Trade and other receivables	11,710	3,172
Good Return loans portfolio with microfinance institutions	229,154	273,708
Total financial assets	1,561,225	1,571,441
Financial Liabilities		
Trade and other payables	113,517	149,480
Good Return loans from the public	476,511	465,237
Total financial liabilities	590,028	614,717

Financial Risk Exposures and Management

The main risks the company is exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and market risk relating to interest rate risk.

a. Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss for the company.

The company's material credit risk exposures are receivables and cash deposited with banks.

The company's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables is dealt with in Note 7.

With regard to the Good Return loans portfolio in Note 8, credit risk exists on the loans donated to the company by the public, and advanced by Good Return to partner microfinance institutions. The company has made a provision for this risk.

The company deposits cash only with major banks. At the year end all cash at bank was with Westpac Banking Corporation.

b. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the company might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The company manages this risk by preparing regular cash flow forecasts and managing credit risks.

The table below reflects undiscounted financial liabilities and cash flows from financial assets that reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed.

Financial liability and financial asset maturity analysis

	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Financial liabilities due for payment				
Trade and other payables	113,517	-	-	113,517
Loans	476,511		-	476,511
Total expected outflows	590,028	_		590,028
Financial assets - cash flows realisable Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Loans	1,320,361 11,710 229,154	- - -	- - 	1,320,361 11,710 229,154
Total anticipated inflows	1,561,225_			1,561,225
Net inflow on financial instruments	074 407			074 407
Met innow on imancial instruments	971,197			971,197

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are considered to be equal to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position.

21. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The directors control the capital of the entity to ensure that adequate cash flows are generated to fund its objectives. The objective is to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents to cover at least 3 months expenses. Risk management policies are approved and reviewed by the directors on a regular basis. These include credit risk policies and future cash flow requirements. The entity's capital consists of reserve and retained earnings.

22. COMPANY INFORMATION

The registered office and principal place of business of the company is: Level 1, 174 Willoughby Road Crows Nest NSW 2065

23. CONTROLLED ENTITY

World Education Australia Overseas Relief Fund (WEAORF) is a trust set up exclusively for the purpose of raising funds by donation for the provision of relief to persons in a developing country certified as such by the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade. It has Deductible Gift Recipient status.

The company is the trustee of WEAORF. As such, the company controls WEAORF because, in addition to wide powers it has as trustee, it has the power to appoint a new trustee and/or vary the trust deed, subject only to ensuring that the purpose of WEAORF is not changed and that, on winding up, the net assets of WEAORF are transferred to some other fund qualifying under the Overseas Gift Fund provisions of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

The company, as trustee, has the power to allocate cash raised by WEAORF to projects that the company undertakes provided such projects fit the purpose of WEAORF.

24. PARENT COMPANY INFORMATION

The following information has been extracted from the books and records of the parent and has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	2014 \$	2013 \$
ASSETS	***	
Current assets	864,898	920,243
TOTAL ASSETS	955,521	984,392

	2014 \$	2013 \$
LIABILITIES	•	•
Current liabilities	953,960	983,414
TOTAL LIABILITIES	953,960	983,414
EQUITY Issued capital Retained earnings	1,561 1,561	978 978
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Total comprehensive income	583	277

The parent company acts as trustee of its controlled entity which is a trust and liabilities have been incurred on behalf of that trust in the parent company's capacity as trustee. To the extent that the trust is unable to meet any obligations, the parent company as trustee may be liable.

Liabilities incurred on behalf of the trust are not recognised in the financial statements of the parent company acting as trustee of the trust when it is not probable that the parent company will have to meet any of those trust liabilities from its own resources. When it is probable that the parent company will have to meet some trust liabilities, a provision for trust liabilities will be brought to account. In addition, the parent company as a trustee has a right to be indemnified out of trust assets for any obligation not met by the trust. Details of trust liabilities and offsetting right of indemnity are as follows:

Liabilities of the World Education Australia Overseas Relief Fund not recorded in the financial statements of the parent company were:

Rights to be indemnified from the trusts assets	345,619	562,624
•		

The assets of the trust, which lie behind the right of indemnity, are not directly available to meet any liabilities of the parent company acting in its own right. The assets of the trust were sufficient to discharge all liabilities of the trust at 30 June 2014 and 30 June 2013.

DECLARATION REQUIRED BY CHARITABLE FUNDRAISING REGULATIONS 2008

I declare that, in my opinion:

the statement of comprehensive income gives a true and fair view of all revenue and expenditure of the company with respect to fundraising appeals; and

the statement of financial position gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company with respect to fundraising appeals; and

the provisions of the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991, the regulations under that Act and the conditions attached to the authority have been complied with by the company for the year ended 30 June 2014; and

the internal controls exercised by the company are appropriate and effective in accounting for all income received and applied by the company from any of its fundraising appeals.

Guy Winship Managing Director

4 November 2014

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of the company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 7 to 25, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company as at 30 June 2014 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- 2. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director

Neild McIntosh (Chairma'n)

Director

Margaret Wright (Treasurer)

4 November 2014



Partners: Graeme J McLean Vivien H Tang G Douglas Wood

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WORLD EDUCATION AUSTRALIA LIMITED FAX: (UZ) 9900 7000 Permail@fosterraffan.com.au

ABN 20 203 719 909 PO Box 629 North Sydney NSW 2059 Australia Level 6, 8 West St North Sydney NSW 2060 Tel: (02) 9956 7500 Fax: (02) 9956 7355

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We have audited the accompanying financial report of World Education Australia Limited on pages 7 to 27, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2014, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

Basis for Qualified Auditor's Opinion

Donations are a significant source of revenue for the company. The company has determined that it is not practical to establish control over the collection of all types of donations prior to entry in the accounting records. Accordingly, as the evidence available to us regarding revenue from this source was limited, our audit procedures with respect to donations had to be restricted to the amounts recorded in the financial records. Therefore, we are unable to express an opinion on whether income from donations is complete.





INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WORLD EDUCATION AUSTRALIA LIMITED

Qualified Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been required had the limitation on our audit procedures referred to in the qualification paragraph not existed, the financial report of World Education Australia Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position as at 30 June 2014 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and

complies with the requirements of the Australian Council for International Development's Code of Conduct Document.

We also report that:

- (a) the financial report shows a true and fair view of the financial result of fundraising appeals conducted during the year except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been required had the limitation on our audit procedures referred to in the qualification paragraph not existed;
- (b) the accounting and associated records have been properly kept during the year in accordance with the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 and the Regulations;
- (c) money received as a result of the fundraising appeals conducted during the year has been properly accounted for and applied in accordance with the Charitable Fundraising Act 1991 and regulations; and
- (d) at the date of this report, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

Foster Raffan

Chartered Accountants

G D Wood, FCA

Partner

North Sydney

4 November 2014